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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION N
09/837,437 04/18/2001		Michael P. Etgen	RSW9-2001-0006-US1	3954
7590 04/04/2006			EXAMINER	
Gregory S. Bernabeo, Esq.			PITARO, RYAN F	
Synnestvedt & Lechner LLP 2600 Aramark Tower 1101 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19107-2950			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
			DATE MAILED: 04/04/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/837,437	ETGEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ryan F. Pitaro	2174			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the second period for reply will, by statute any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 F	ebruary 2006.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,6,8,9,14,15,17-21,23 and 25-31</u> is 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>11,18-20,25-28 and 31</u> is/are allowed 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>15,17,29 and 30</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Application the documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	•			

Art Unit: 2174

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1,3,6,8,9,14,15,17-21,23,25-31 have been examined.

Response to Amendment

- 2. This communication is responsive to Amendment F, filed 2/23/2006.
- 3. Claims 1,3,6,8,9,14,15,17-21,23,25-31 are pending in this application. Claims 1,15,18,21,23 are independent claims. This action is Final.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 11,18-20,25-28,31 are allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art is deficient in teaching an intersection of two slider which defines a portion of an image which is to be resized along with the other limitations of the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

Art Unit: 2174

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Soenksen ("Soenksen", US 6,711,283) in view of Roman et al ("Roman", US 6,803,931) in further view of Gleason et al ("Gleason", US 5,682,488).

As per claim 15, Soenksen teaches a graphical user interface for displaying a user-selected portion of an image, said graphical user interface comprising: an overview display area for displaying an image representing a data file (Figure 5A); a display area for displaying a portion of said image, said display image area being of a certain size (Figure 5A item 124); and a slider superimposed over and translatable over said image (Figure 5A item 106), said slider having a size corresponding to a scope of said image (Column 21 lines 60-64), wherein said slider is variagble in size according to user input provided by a click and drag technique (Column 21 lines 60-64) said portion of said image filling. Soenksen fails to distinctly point out resizing the portion to fill the display area. However, Roman teaches a portion of said image being enlarged relative to said image to fill said display area of said certain size (Column 6 lines 22-47). Therefore it would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine the teaching of Roman with the method of Soenksen. Motivation to combine would have been to provide an easy control of display parameters such as zoom and magnification to control the display of an image within an image display window. The modified Soenksen fails to specifically teach a portion inside and a portion outside of the image. However, Gleason teaches a first portion of said slider being superimposed over and translatable over said image and corresponding to the scope of said image, said slider

Art Unit: 2174

further comprising a second portion positioned outside of and adjacent to said image (Figure 2). Therefore it would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine the teaching of Gleason with the interface of the modified Soenksen. Motivation to do so would have been to more easily distinguish the slider from the underlying image.

5. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Soenksen ("Soenksen", US 6,711,283) and Roman et al ("Roman", US 6,803,931) and Gleason et al ("Gleason", US 5,682,488) in further view of Perry ("Perry," US# 5,553,225).

As per claim 17, which is dependent on claim 15, the invention of Soenksen-Roman-Gleason fails to teach a method wherein said slider comprises a scroll box of a scroll bar. However, Perry teaches an input functionality by enabling the user to directly change the slider's length, thereby changing the display scale (Figs. 2 and 4-6; col. 4, lines 30-50). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to use the variable size slider bar of Perry in the slider system of the modified Soenksen because it would give the user a more visually familiar system, thereby making the system more user-friendly.

6. Claims 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Soenksen ("Soenksen", US 6,711,283) and Roman et al ("Roman", US 6,803,931) and Gleason et al ("Gleason", US 5,682,488) in further view of Paal ("Paal" US# 5,263,134).

As per claim 29, which is dependent on claim 15, Soenksen-Roman-Gleason fails to distinctly point out sliders relative to axis. However, Paal teaches the graphical user interface of claim 15, wherein said slider is translatable relative to said image along only one axis (Paal, col. 11, lines 52-68 and col. 12, lines 1-3). Therefore it would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine the method of Soenksen-Roman-Gleason with the teaching of Paal. Motivation to do so would have been to provide a controlled way to view the image.

As per claim 30, which is dependent on claim 29, Soenksen-Roman-Gleason-Paal further teaches the graphical user interface of claim 15, wherein said slider is translatable relative to said image along only one axis (Paal, col. 11, lines 52-68 and col. 12, lines 1-3).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1,3,6,8,9,14,15,17-21,23,25-31 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Art Unit: 2174

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ryan F. Pitaro whose telephone number is 571-272-4071. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00am - 4:30pm Mondays through Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid can be reached on 571-272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ryan Pitaro Patent Examiner Art Unit 2174

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